Form **976**

(Rev. December 1986)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Claim for Deficiency Dividends Deductions by a Personal Holding Company, Regulated Investment Company, or Real Estate Investment Trust

(Under Section 547 or 860 of the Internal Revenue Code)

OMB No. 1545-0045

Expires 9-30-89

Nar	me of person	al holding company, regulated investment c	ompany, or real estate investment	trust		Employer identification numl	ber
Add	dress (numbe	er and street)					
City	, State, and	ZIP code					
1	Amount	of tax deficiency					
2		(s) involved					
3		unt paid				•	
-	(b) Date	paid					
4		unpaid				• •	
5		the deficiency established?					
•			d avalain havutha daaisissa l				
		Court Decision—Attach a copy and					
	☐ Cour	t Judgment—Attach a copy and e	explain now the decision b	ecame final. If	established b	by a <i>{///////////////////////////////////</i>	
		udgment in a suit against the Unit					
						• •	
		ate the claim for refund was filed.					
		ate the suit was brought					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Closing agreement under section 7121.						
		ersonal holding company, agreemer					
	☐ If a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, agreement under section					tion ////////////////////////////////////	
		e)(3)—Attach a copy of the agree					
6	Determin						
7		deficiency dividend was distribute			on of the board	d of	
	directors or other authority authorizing the payment of the deficiency dividend.)						
B Deficiency dividend was distributed as follows:							
	(a) Cash						
	(b) Other property (attach description):						
	(i) F	air market value					
		Adjusted basis					
9		ınt claimed as a deduction for defi					
	(b) For a	regulated investment company of	or real estate investment	trust enter th	e amount of I	line	
	9(a) c	designated as capital gains dividen	ds	<u> </u>	<u></u>		
0	Only pers	onal holding companies must com	plete line 10.				
	·	(a) Name and address of each sha	reholder	shares of each	stock and number h class held at date deficiency dividen	e of paid to each shareholder on	dend each
Ple Sig	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this claim, including accompanying schedules and statement belief, it is true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information					atements, and to the best of my knowle rmation of which preparer has any kn	dge and owledge
lei		Signature of officer					
		Signature of officer	Date		Title		
	parer's	Preparer's signature	Date		Check if self- employed ►	Preparer's social security numbe	r
lse	Only	Firm's name (or yours, if self-employed)		-		E.I. No. >	
		and address			Z	ZIP code ▶	

Instructions

(Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.)

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for this information to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. We need it to ensure that taxpayers are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax. You are required to give us this information.

Purpose of Form.—This form is to be used by a personal holding company, regulated investment company, or real estate investment trust claiming a deduction for deficiency dividends under section 547 or section 860 to request relief from payment of a tax deficiency, or to claim a credit or refund of part or all of any such deficiency which has been paid.

When and Where to File.—This claim must be filed within 120 days after the determination date. If filed by a personal holding company, it shall be filed with the District Director's office where the determination was made. If filed by a regulated investment company or real estate investment trust, it may be filed with the District Director, or Director of the Internal Revenue Service Center, with whom the income tax return was filed for the tax year for which the determination applies. If the determination is an agreement with the District Director (or his or her delegate), the claim may be filed with the District Director with whom the agreement was made.

Deficiency Dividends.—Deficiency dividends must be distributed no later than 90 days after the determination date (defined below) and prior to filing this claim.

The deficiency dividend must be of such a nature as would have permitted its inclusion in the computation of the deduction for dividends paid under section 561 for the tax year for which the tax liability exists, if it had been distributed during that year.

Determination Date.—The determination date is:

- For a decision of the Tax Court, the date the decision becomes final, as prescribed in section 7481;
- For a judgment, decree, or order by a court, the date the judgment, decree, or order becomes final:
- For a closing agreement made under section 7121, the date the agreement is approved by the Commissioner; and
- For an agreement under section 547(c)(3) or section 860(e)(3) executed by the District Director (or other authorized official) and the taxpayer, if the signed copy of the agreement is sent to the taxpayer by registered mail, the

determination date is the date of registration. If it is sent by certified mail, the determination date is the date of the postmark on the sender's receipt. However, if a dividend is paid by the taxpayer before such registration or postmark date, but on or after the date the agreement is signed by the District Director, the determination date shall be the date of such signing.

Claim for Credit or Refund.—If, after payment of a tax deficiency, an overpayment results from the allowance of a deficiency dividend deduction, a claim, in addition to this form, must be filed on an appropriate amended income tax return to obtain a credit or refund for the overpayment.

Corporate Acquisitions.—When the assets of one corporation are acquired by another corporation in a distribution or transfer described in section 381(a), see sections 381(c)(17) and 381(c)(23) for special rules for claiming a deficiency dividend deduction.

Signature.—The return must be signed and dated by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, or any other corporate officer (such as tax officer) authorized to sign. A receiver, trustee, or assignee must sign and date any return required to be filed on behalf of a corporation.

If a corporate officer filled in Form 976, the Paid Preparer's space under "Signature of officer" should remain blank. If someone prepares Form 976 and does not charge the corporation, that person should not sign the return. Certain others who prepare Form 976 should not sign. For example, a regular, full time employee of the corporation, such as a clerk, secretary, etc., does not have to sign.

Generally, anyone who is paid to prepare Form 976 must sign the return and fill in the other blanks in the Paid Preparer's Use Only area of the return.

The preparer required to sign the return MUST complete the required preparer information and:

- Sign it, by hand, in the space provided for the preparer's signature (signature stamps or labels are not acceptable); and
- Give a copy of Form 976 to the taxpayer in addition to the copy filed with IRS.

Tax return preparers should be familiar with their responsibilities. See **Publication 1045**, Information and Order Blanks for Preparers of Federal Income Tax Returns, for more details.